



# Maths Homework

**Set:** Wednesday 18<sup>th</sup> April **Due in:** Monday 23rd April

**This week we have been revisiting angles and geometry**

To support our learning this week, we would like the children to complete the following activities

Your child will also have a list of topics that they wish to revise using the Rising Stars revision guide. Our rock star times tables focus for next week will be the 6, 7 and 9 times tables.

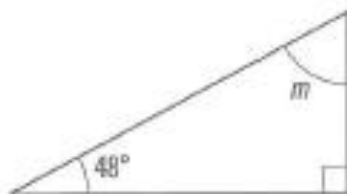
Parent feedback

# Angles in triangles

To achieve 100 you need to:

- ★ find unknown angles in different types of triangles.

- 1 Calculate the size of the angle  $m$ .



1  
(7 mark)

- 2 Write the size of **each** angle on the triangle.



2  
(7 mark)

- 3 Work out the size of angles  $a$  and  $b$ .

Angle  $a$  =

Angle  $b$  =



3  
(7 mark)

- 4 Alfie draws an isosceles triangle. Only **one** of the angles is  $70^\circ$ .  
What are the sizes of the other angles?

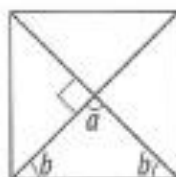
° and °

4  
(7 mark)

- 5 Calculate the sizes of angles  $a$  and  $b$ .

$a$  =

$b$  =



5  
(7 mark)

## ! Top tip

- Remember that an isosceles triangle has two angles the same size, as well as two sides of the same length.

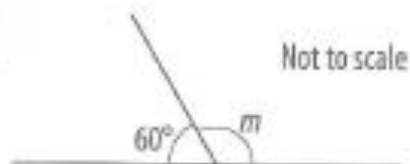
/ 5  
Total for

# Angles and degrees

To achieve 100 you need to:

- ★ recognise angles where they meet at a point or on a straight line
- ★ find missing angles at a point and along a straight line.

- 1 Find the size of angle  $m$ . °



(1 mark)

- 2 Find the size of angle  $a$ . °

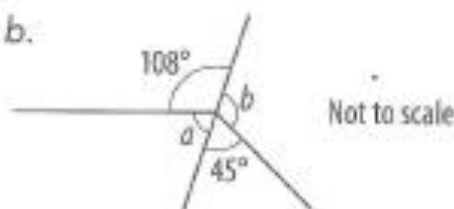


(1 mark)

- 3 Calculate angles  $a$  and  $b$ .

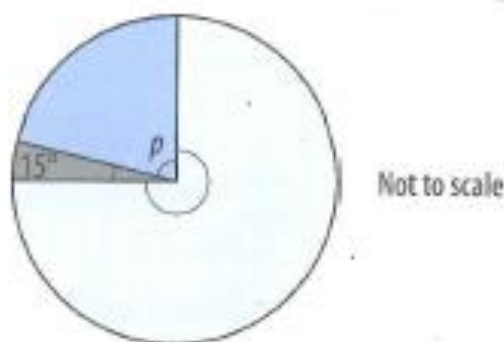
Angle  $a$  = °

Angle  $b$  = °



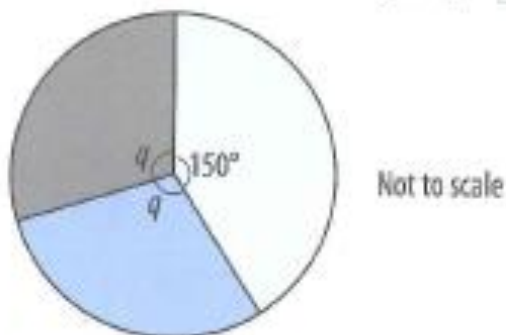
(1 mark)

- 4 Calculate the size of angle  $p$ . °



(1 mark)

- 5 Calculate the size of angle  $q$ . °



(2 marks)

## ! Top tip

- Look out for the symbol that represents a right angle in missing angle questions.